



**Director of  
Central  
Intelligence**

**Top Secret**

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# **National Intelligence Daily**

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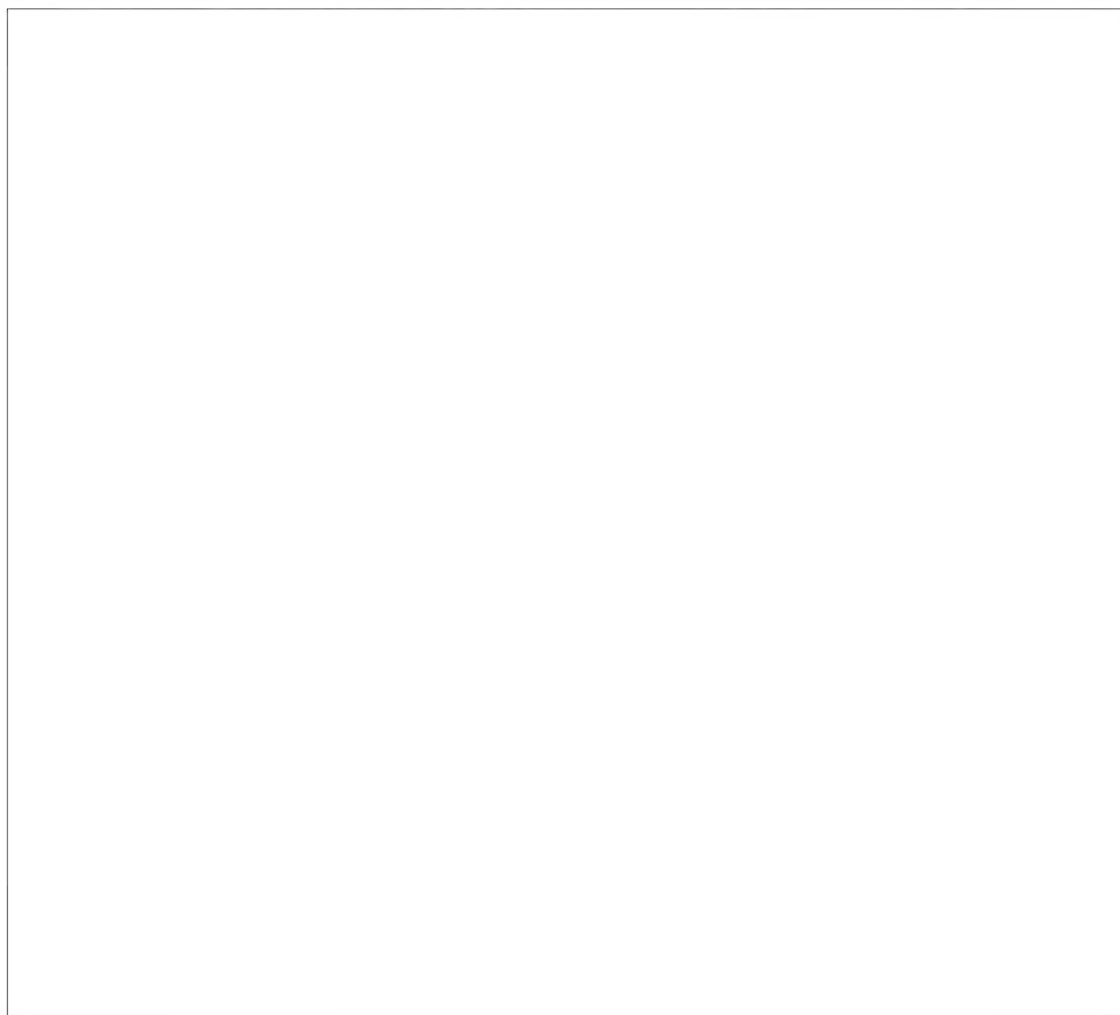
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## POLAND: Leadership Differences

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2 The ruling Military Council may be more unified than the Politburo. There are reports of increasing popular irritation in several areas. London and Bonn want to exempt pipeline-related contracts from US sanctions policy.

Comment: The Military Council probably is more unified than the party leadership, a factor that helps it maintain control.

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Although greater unity within the Council would seem to give it an advantage in establishing long-term policies, Poland's military leaders have been trained to defer to the party and may still do so despite their unhappiness with mistakes made by the party since August 1980. If the Politburo is deadlocked on setting policies, the Council may feel compelled to take the lead. This would give Jaruzelski considerable leeway in setting policy.

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Signs of Restiveness

9 The US Consul in Poznan notes that there are signs that people are beginning to express their feelings of anger. In Krakow, the US Consul reports that one priest

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believes the overall situation in the steel town of Nowa Huta--as in neighboring Silesia--is building up to an "explosion." [redacted]

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Comment: These reports [redacted]

2/9 [redacted] jibe with public and private concerns Church leaders have voiced about the possibility of violence. Such dissatisfaction also may sharpen disputes between those in the regime who favor easing some martial law restrictions as a way of lessening tensions and those who argue that strict controls are the only way of maintaining order. [redacted]

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#### Economic Strains

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6/7 Wieslaw Gornicki, a close adviser to Jaruzelski, recently told Hungarian radio that he fears spontaneous protests to the price increases planned for February. He blamed Western sanctions for the deterioration in the economy over the past two weeks. Another Polish official stated on Thursday that Western sanctions are prompting Poland to reduce its economic dependence on the West and to expand trade with Communist and developing countries. [redacted]

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2/6/7 Comment: Gornicki's statement is the first public admission of the regime's concern about public reaction to price hikes. His remarks probably are part of an effort to encourage increased aid from CEMA countries. [redacted]

Government attempts to blame sanctions for current problems seems to exaggerate their impact. Current shortages probably stem more from import cutbacks in late 1981 and the virtual halt of commerce during the early stages of martial law. Sanctions will have a greater impact in coming months. [redacted]

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#### Discrediting Walesa

8 An anonymous pamphlet mailed from Paris to an official of the International Labor Organization in Geneva alleges that Solidarity leader Walesa is a "longtime

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[redacted]

police spy" who deliberately sabotaged the anti-Communist workers' movement in Poland. The US Embassy in Brussels attributes the pamphlet to Soviet disinformation efforts in Western Europe. [redacted]

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2 Comment: The pamphlet could represent an effort by Soviet or Polish authorities to sow confusion among Solidarity's supporters in the West and, as word filters back, in Poland as well. The document probably will not have much impact, but the effort could indicate that Soviet and Polish authorities are losing hope that Walesa can be persuaded to associate himself with the martial law regime's policies. [redacted]

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#### Sanctions Issue

6/7 The UK has again asked the US to rescind its ban on existing contracts relating to the Siberian natural gas pipeline, stressing that the closing of an important plant could cause the loss of many jobs and 180 million pounds. West Germany, also citing economic difficulties, has asked the US to allow a West German firm to purchase contracted General Electric components for the project. [redacted]

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2/6/1 Comment: The Thatcher government is beginning to have some success with its economic policy and fears that pipeline sanctions will complicate its task. As a result, the British may no longer be content to let the West Germans take the lead in restraining US policy. [redacted]

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